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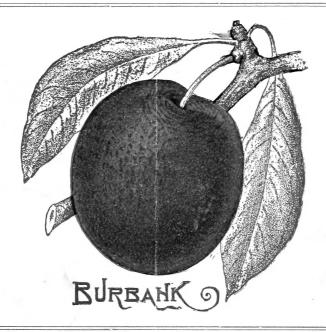
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ESTABLISHED 1870.

CATAŁ BRABY. U. S. Department of Agriculture Washington, D. C.

MILFORD

→ NURSERIES.



A. PULLEN, Proprietor,

MILFORD, DELAWARE.

VREDENBURG & CO., PRINTERS, ROCHESTER, N. Y



ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

----OF----

Fruit and Ornamental Trees

SMALL FRUITS, SHRUBS, ROSES, ETC.

GROWN AND FOR SALE BY

MILFORD NURSERIES,

MILFORD, DELAWARE.

PRESS OF
VREDENBURG & COMPANY.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.



MILFORD NURSERIES.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION FOR USE OF PLANTERS.

Distances Apart.

Standard Apples	30 feet each way.			
Standard Pears, Cherries, Peaches, Plums, Apricots and				
Nectarines	20	"	"	"
Duke and Morello Cherries	16 to 18	"	"	66
Quinces				
Dwarf Pears, Cherries and Apples	8 to 10	"	"	66
Currants and Gooseberries	3 to 4	66	44	66
Blackberries		46	"	66
Strawberries	1 to 3	"	"	44

Number of Trees on an Acre when Planted at Stated Distance.

30	feet	apart	each	wa	y	49	8	feet	apart	each	wa	y	681
25	46		"	"		69	6	"	"	"	"		1,210
20	"	"	"	"		109	5	"	"	"	66		1,742
18	"	"	6.	66		135	4		. "	"	"		2,722
15	"	"	"	"		194	3	"	"	66	66		4,840
12	"	66	66	66		302	$\parallel 2$	"	"	44	66		10,890
10	66	66	"	"		437	1	"		4.6	4.4	4	13,560

Advice and Terms.

To avoid mistakes, write the order plainly and on a separate sheet from the letter. The prices named are for the stock at nursery grounds. All articles at the risk of the purchaser after being delivered to the forwarder in good order. Should any mistakes occur in count, the same will be corrected if reported promptly.

Terms, Strictly CASH, except by special Arrangement.

Brief Directions for Transplanting Trees and Plants, and their Subsequent Culture.

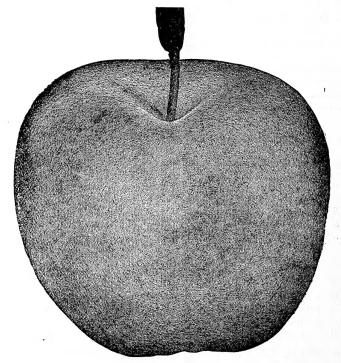
Avoid any unnecessary exposure to trees, plants or vines, from the time of leaving the nursery grounds until ready to plant. The sun, wind and frost may prove very damaging. Prepare the ground as for a crop of corn; then dig the holes large enough to admit the roots without crowding and doubling them up. Avoid deep planting, which is decidedly injurious to the tree, and when excessive may cause death. It should be no deeper than it stood before removal from the nursery. It is

well to have a moderate mound of earth heeled up around the trees when planted in the fall. It makes them firmer to withstand the winter, and is a protection to the roots. It should be leveled again in the spring.

Before planting, the injured parts of the root should be cut off with a sharp knife.

Shortening in the branches is another very important matter to the life and vigor of the tree, and should be done at the time of planting. It consists in cutting back the ends of the branches, but to what extent it should be done depends upon circumstances. If the tree has lost the greater portion of its roots, a severe "shortening in" of the head will be necessary; if only a small portion of the roots are cut off, moderate pruning will be sufficient. In all cases it should be done in a manner corresponding to the loss of roots.

Cultivate the orchard a few years with hoed crops, and apply manure and phosphates to the surface.



YELLOW TRANSPARENT.

Small fruits, such as raspberries and strawberries, should not be allowed to fruit the first year.

A Certificate, from the duly appointed inspector, will accompany all orders of stock leaving our nurseries, showing that such stock has been inspected by said inspector, and that no injurious insects or disease have been found in the nurseries.

The Prices quoted herein are for stock at our nurseries. When shipped, the actual cost of boxes or other material used will be added to those prices, but no charge will be made for delivering at our depot.

GENERAL LIST OF APPLES.

Summer Varieties.

Carolina Red June. Summer Pearmain. Yellow Transparent.

Autumn Varieties.

Duchess of Oldenburg. Maiden's Blush.

Winter Varieties.

Ben Davis.
Fallawater.
Lankford Seedling.
Northern Spv.
Rome Beauty.
Smith's Cider.
York Imperial.

Prices—15c. each; \$1.25 per 10; \$10 per 100, except otherwise noted. Specia rates on larger quantities.

Prices New Apples—Mammoth Black Twig (winter), 20c. each; \$18 per 100. Stayman's Winesap (winter), 20c. each; \$18 per 100.

PEACHES.

This fruit is grown as a specialty with us. Located in a section where the peach is most favored, free from all disease and with thrifty fruiting orchards on all sides, we are enabled to have vigorous young trees of the most approved varieties and every facility for having them true to name. They require a well-drained soil. A warm, sandy or gravely loam is well suited to preserve a healthy growth, and should be fertilized and kept in cultivation. Ashes, potash and bone are excellent fertilizers, though the tree will respond kindly to any fair dressing material. Cut to a naked cane and top when planting. The previous year's wood of the peach should be shortened in to keep the head vigorous and in good shape.

The following list embraces a number of new sorts of promise as well as other varieties lost sight of for some years past, again brought forward for proper recognition. In this connection it is well to state that many of the so-called extra early peaches prove to be very similar in character and unreliable for profit. Of the many late large yellow sorts the greater number are much like the Late Crawford, and evidently sports of that well-known variety under certain conditions of soil, locality and treament.

The following varieties marked with star (*) are grown heavily by us, as the demand requires it:

LIST OF GENERAL VARIETIES.

Alexander. Amelia. Amsden June. Albrights October. Barnard's Early. *Beer's Smock. Beer's Melacoton. *Belle of Georgia. Bilyeus October. Bidwell's Early. Bidwell's Late. Bishop's Early. Blood Cling. *Brandywine. Brigg's Red May. Bronough Cling. Bonanza. Bray's Late R. R.

California Adv. Carrolls Late Yellow. Christiana. Columbia. Conkling. Chinese Cling. Chinese Free. *Champion. *Chair's Choice. Connecticut. Cox's Golden Cling. *Crawford's Early. *Crawford's Late. Crosbey. Early Louise. Early Rivers. *Elberta. Early Michigan.

LIST OF GENERAL VARIETIES—Continued.

Family Favorite. *Fitzgerald. Fords Late White. *Foster. *Foxes Seedling. Geary's Hold-on. *Globe. Gold Drop. *Greensboro. Hale's Early. Heath Cling. Henrietta. Honey. Hill's Chili. Hynes Surprise. Jacques Rareripe. Japan Blood. Jennie Worthen. John Haas. Kalamazoo. Lady Ingold. Large Early York. Late Rose. Lemon Cling. Lemon Free. Lottie. Magnum Bonum. *Mary's Choice. *Mountain Rose. Mountain R. R. *Moore's Favorite. Muir.

Musser.

Old Mixon Cling. *Old Mixon Free. Pallas. Peruvian. Peen-to. Picquetts Late. Princess R. R. *Prize. Pullen's Seedling. Redcheeked Mel. *Reeves Favorite. Richmond. *Salway. Silver Medal. Smock Cling. Snow's Orange. Shipleys Late Red. Steadley. *Stevens R. R. *Stump. Susquehanna. Townsend. *Triumph. Troths Early. *Thurber. *Variegated Free. Waterloo. Wager. Ward's Late. Wheatland. Wilkins Cling. Wonderful. Yellow St. John.

Price—4 to 5 ft. trees, 10c. each; 75c. for 10; \$6.00 per 100; \$50.00 per 1000.

" -3 to 4 ft. trees, 8c. each; 65c. for 10; \$5.00 per 100; \$40.00 per 1000.

" -2 to 3 ft. trees, 6c. each; 55c. for 10; \$4.00 per 100; \$30.00 per 1000.

VALUABLE NEW VARIETIES.

Capt. Ede—Has been thoroughly tested, and is considered by many to be superiorin quality and size to the "Famous Elberta." It ripens just after the Elberta, is yellow, freestone and very large.

Price—For 4 to 5 ft. 10c. each; 90c. for 10; \$8.00 per 100.

- " —For 3 to 4 ft. 8c. each; 70c. for 10; \$6.00 per 100.
- "—For 2 to 3 ft. 6c. each; 50c. for 10; \$4.00 per 100.

Emma—A new yellow freestone, Chinese type, following Elberta; of fine size, quality and appearance.

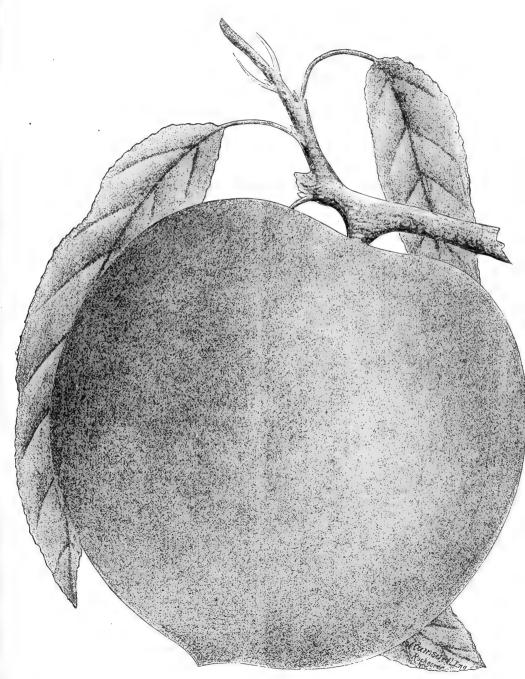
Price—For 4 to 5 ft. 20c. each; \$1.75 for 10; \$15 00 per 100.

- " -For 3 to 4 ft. 18c. each; \$1.50 for 10; \$12.50 per 100.
- " -For 2 to 3 ft. 15c. each; \$1.25 for 10; \$10.00 per 100.

Sneed—Of Chinese type, nearly as large, and similar in appearance to Thurber. A very valuable early peach, ripens two weeks ahead of Alexander. Is white flesh and semi-free.

Price—For 4 to 5 ft. 10c. each; 90c. for 10; \$8.00 per 100.

- " -For 3 to 4 ft. 8c. each; 70c. for 10; \$6.00 per 100.
- " -For 2 to 3 ft. 6c. each; 50c. for 10; \$4.00 per 100.



GLOBE PEACH:

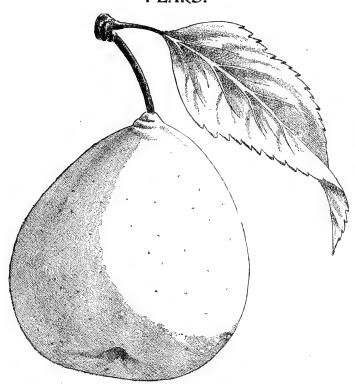
JUNE BUDDED.

We find the demand on the general market this season for 1 year trees is going to exceed the supply in the following varieties, so have budded:

Beer's Smock, Bilyeus Oct. Salway, $\begin{cases} \begin{cases} Price: 1 to 2 ft. 8c. each; 60c. for 10; $4.00 per 100; less than 1 ft., 5c. each; 40c. for 10; $3.00 per 100.$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Ever Bearing} & \text{Holderbaum,} \\ \textbf{Holderbaum,} & \text{Frice:} \text{ ft., } 25c. \text{ each; } \$2.00 \text{ for } 10; \$18.00 \text{ per } 100; \text{less than } 1 \\ \textbf{Eureka,} & \text{ } \end{array} \\ \end{array}$

PEARS.



WILDER.

Standard, 2 and 3 years.

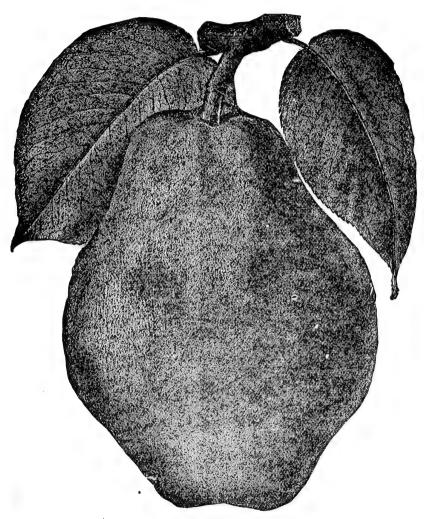
Prices—For general varieties: 20c. each; \$1.50 for 10; \$12 for 100.

Dwarf, 2 and 3 years.

Prices—For general varieties. 15c. each; \$1.20 for 10; \$10 for 100.

Standard Varieties.

Bartlett, (August). Clapps Fav. (Summer) Duchess, (Fall). Koonce, (very early). Kieffer, (late fall). Lawrence, (fall). Seckel, (fall). Wilder, (very early).



KIEFFER PEAR.

PLUMS.



ABUNDANCE.

All on plum roots, one and two years from bud.

Abundance, (Jap.)
Baileys, (Jap.)
Botan, (Jap.)
Bradshaw.
Berckmans, (Jap.)
Burbank, (Jap.)
Chabot, (Jap.)
Delaware, G.
Excelsior.
Golden Beauty.
Hale.
Kelsey's, (Jap.)
Lincoln.

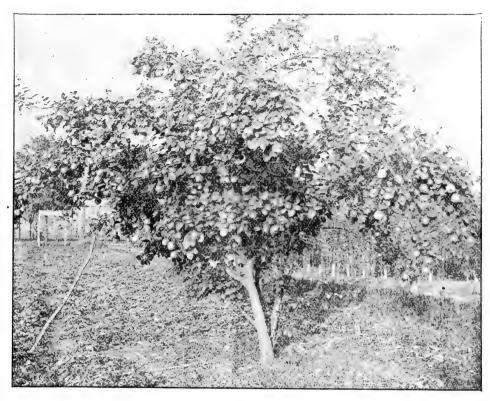
Lombard.
Maru, (Jap.)
Moore's Arctic.
Normand (Jap.)
Ogon. (Jap.)
Red June.
Satsuma. (Jap.)
Shippers Pride.
Spaulding.
Wickson, (Jap.)
Wild Goose.
Willard, (Jap.)

Prices—Extra size trees. 20c. each; \$1.75 for 10; \$16.00 per 100.

"First-class, 15c. each; \$1.25 for 10; \$10.00 per 100.

"Second-class, 12c. each; \$1.00 for 10; \$9.00 per 100.

QUINCES.



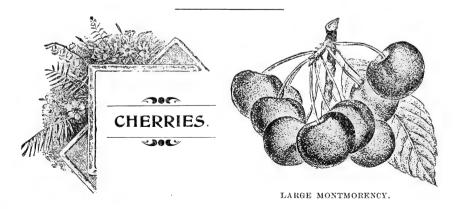
CHAMPION.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Champion-} Large, yellow, showy and handsome, ripens two weeks later than the Orange. \end{tabular}$

Orange or Apple—Large, rich golden yellow, of the very best quality.

Meeche's Prolific—Large, bright yellow, vigorous and wonderfully productive.

Price—25c. each; \$20.00 per 100.



Cherry trees do well on most all soils, when well drained, and are profitable as well as ornamental. Should be planted more extensively.

Early Richmond—Medium, dark red, juicy sprightly acid, best for cooking and canning. The best kind for Delaware.

Black Tartarian—Large, purplish black, rich and juicy.

Governor Wood-Large, yellow with red cheek, juicy and sweet.

Yellow Spanish-Large, light yellow with red cheek, firm and sweet, one of the best.

Large Montmorency—Large, bright red, acid, larger and later that Early Richmond.

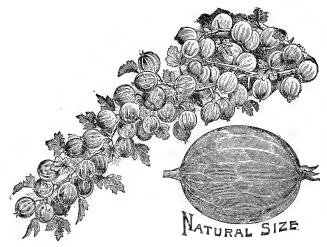
Dyehouse—Resembles both the Duke and Morello in wood and fruit; early and sure bearer; ripens befere Early Richmond.

Prices-20c. each; \$1.50 for 10; \$12.00 per 100.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Downing—Very popular; large pale green, good quality; bush vigorous, hardy, and prolific. One of the best varieties ever introduced. It is free from mildew, being a native seedling.

Houghton—A medium sized American variety; fruit smooth, red, tender and very good; bears abundant and regular crops; free of mildew.



DOWNING.

Industry—The best English gooseberry yet introduced, of vigorous, upright growth, greatest cropper, and freeest from mildew of any of the English varieties; berries of the largest size, one and one-half inches in diameter, and of the most excellent flavor, both pleasant and rich; color dark red when fully ripe.

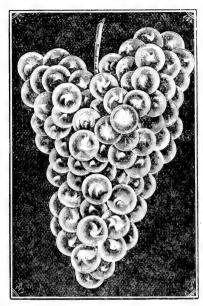
Price-10c. each; \$6.00 per 100.

CURRANTS.

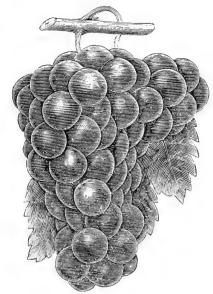
 $\label{lem:cherry-Large} \textbf{Cherry-Large}, \ deep \ red, \ bunch \ long, \ excellent \ quality, \ vigorous \ and \ productive. \\ \textbf{Fay's Prolific-Large}, \ red, \ fine \ quality, \ early, \ vigorous \ and \ very \ productive. \\ \end{array}$

Prices-10c. each; \$5.00 per 100.

GRAPES.







GOLDEN POCKLINGTON.

Concord, (black). Niagara. (white). Pocklington. (golden). Martha, (white).

Price-15c. each; \$1.25 for 10; \$10.00 per 100.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Brighton, (red).} \\ \textbf{Moore's Diamond. (white).} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Price--} \\ \textbf{These three plants, our National colors for $1.00.} \end{array}$

RASPBERRIES.

Miller Red-This new red raspberry originated in Sussex county, Delaware, and is indeed a remarkable berry. It is as large as Cuthbert, holding its size to the end of the season; round in shape; color a bright red, does not fade; core very small, does not crumble, making it the very best shipping berry. The time of ripening is with the very earliest, the first picking being with Thomson's Early on June 11th. the Miller Red producing double the quantity of berries at each picking that Thompson did in the same field under the same conditions continuing until August 3d, Thompson having been gone three weeks; fully as prolific as Cuthbert. Price 50 cents per 12; \$1.50 per 100; \$10 per 1000.

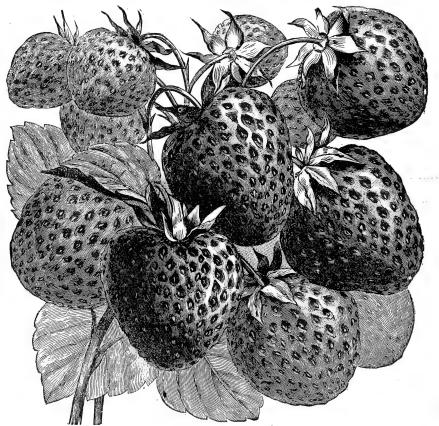
BLACKBERRIES.

Wilson's Early—The oldest of the early varieties, and one of the most profitable. The fruit is extra large and the canes are very productive. Price \$2 per 100; \$9 per 1000.

LUCRETIA DEWBERRY.

Claimed to be the best of the Blackberry family. As hardy as the Snyder; as productive as any. The berries are far larger, and incomparably better than any blackberry, and of unequalled excellence, soft, sweet and luscious throughout; bright glossy black color. The Lucretia Dewberry has received the endorsement and highest praise from the best horticulturists in the country. Its eniment success in all soils is something phenomenal in small fruit culture. Its trailing habit renders it less liable to winter-kill. Price \$2 per 100; \$10 per 1000.

STRAWBERRIES.

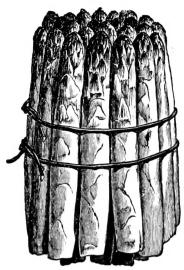


BUBACH.

Gandy, (Perfect). Bubach, (Imperfect). Ludy Thompson, (Perfect). Ruby, (Perfect). Michaels Early, (Perfect).

Prices—\$1.00 per 100; \$4.00 per 1000.

ASPARAGUS.

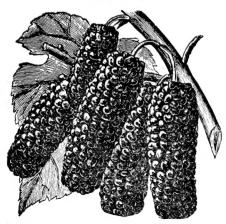


Palmetto—This variety is of southern origin; excellent quality, early, very large, very prolific, and all who have used it pronounce it ahead of any other. Price, 2 years old, \$2.75 per 1000; 3 years old, \$3.75 per 1000.

Barr's Philadelphia Mammoth—Early and large, and when placed on the market its appearance makes a demand for it. Price, 2 years old, \$2.50 per 1000; 3 years old, \$3.50 per 1000.

Conover's Colossal—Very large and makes rapid growth; planted mostly by market gardeners. Can be cut quite frequently and brings a high price. Price, 2 years old, \$2.25 per 1000; 3 years old, \$3.25 per 1000.

MULBERRIES.

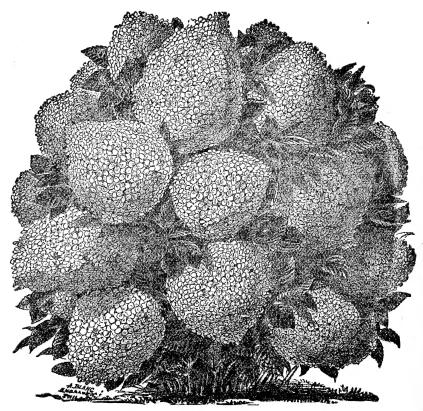


Downing Everbearing—Highly ornamental for street or lawn, and the best for fruit, yielding an abundant supply of large berries for over three months of the year. Price, 75c. each.

NUT-BEARING TREES.

CHESTNUT	—Spanish\$0	ach 40	Ten. \$3.50
	—Japan		4 50
	—American Sweet		1 50
WALNUT-	English	50	4 50
	Black		3 50
" -1	White (Butternut)	50	4 50

SHADE, ORNAMENTAL, ETC.



HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

Linden (American)—8 to 10 ft.; 60c. each. Magnolia, Tree—2 to 3 feet; \$1.25 each. Maple, Norway—10 feet; \$1.00 each.

" Sugar—8 to 10 feet; 50c. each.
Willow, Kilmarnock—2 yrs. old; 75c. each.
Arbor Vitæ, Golden—2 to 2½ ft.; 75c. each.

Juniper, Irish—2½ to 3 feet; 75c. each. Spruce. Norway—3 to 4 feet; 75c. each. Hydrangea P. 6—2 feet; 60c. each. Crimson Rambler—50c. each. Tree Roses—\$1.00 each.



